money upon corn to two-thirds instead of one-half of its value, in order to facilitate

purchases by small dealers. The Reichsauzeiger says that the government is confident that there is sufficient wheat to take the place of rye, and that a reduction of the duties would only enrich foreign dealers without affecting the price of bread. The whole government press reflects these views and declares that high prices are due to bourse speculation and not to scarcity, and that the Russian ukase would have been issued sooner than it was had Germany reduced the grain duties. It is significant, however, that Count Kanitz, a leading protectionist, pleads for a temporary suspension of the

The Berlin correspondent of the London Times argues that the danger of distress owing to the advance in grain has been greatly over-rated by free-trade agitators. The Berlin Reichsanzeiger says that wintersown rye is estimated to produce 82 per cent. of an average harvest.

## DISASTER IN SWITZERLAND.

Fourteen Excursionists Killed and Forty-Eight Injured in a Railway Accident. BERNE, Aug. 17 .- The people of this republic have hardly recovered from the railroad scare caused by the terrible accident at Moenchenstein, in June last, by which over 130 persons on an excursion train lost their lives and about three hundred were injured, when they were again, yesterday, startled by another wholesale loss of life by reason of a railroad accident. This last disaster occurred on the Jura-Simplon railroad lines, near the village of Zollikofen, not far from this city. The details of the accident are as follows: A special train, carrying a large number of excursionists from the country districts to this city, was on its way here, the passengers intending to take part in the septenary fetes which are now in progress here and elsewhere throughout Switzerland. This excursion train was stopped at Zollikofen in order to enable it to be shunted into a siding so as to let the Paris express pass. By some gross negligence, apparently, upon the part of the railroad officials, the Paris train, laden with foreign travelers was not warned to look out for the excursion train while passing Zollikofen, and the result was that the express dashed into the excursion train. Luckily the engineer of the express had caught sight of the excursion train in time to put on the brakes, and so the loss of life was not so great as it might have been. As it was, the engine of the express cut in two and almost entirely demolished the guards' van at the rear of the excursion train, which was empty and then crashed into the rearmost of the passenger cars, completely wrecking them. Thirteen persons were killed, eighteen seriously injured and thirty slightly hurt. All the occupants of the Paris express escaped with only slight

A special train, carrying wrecking appliances, doctors and nurses from the hospitals, together with a detachment of engineers, was at once dispatched to the scene of the accident. The majority of the passengers on board the excursion train belonged to towns in the vicinity of this city. No foreign visitors were among the excursionists, and no deaths of American travelers have been reported. In consequence of the disaster the remaining septenary fetes in this city have been abandoned.

The excursion train was partly composed of baggage vans, temporarily converted in-to passenger carriages. The line was blocked by excursion trains in advance, and another excursion train was coupled to the Paris express. The passengers of the excursion train heard the express approaching and many jumped out, all of the occupants of the open goods wagons escaping in this way almost unburt. According to the latest advices from the scene of the disaster eleven women and three men were killed and twenty-four persons were seriously injured. The victims were all Swiss

## NOT SECRETLY ALLIED.

Inspired Statement Denying that a Treaty Exists Between Russia and France. LONDON, Aug. 17 .- The St. Petersburg agent of Reuter's Telegram Company has been furnished with an "inspired" denial of the report that a secret treaty has been concluded between Russia and France. In this denial it is declared that neither Admiral Gervais nor any other French or Russian representative, has signed or concluded verbally any convention between France and Russia. It is also asserted from the source that no conferences been held on the subject, and that the well-known approachement between France and Russia does not date from the present time, but, it is added, it was occasioned long ago by international circumstances, rather than by spontaneous desire of the powers themselves, and that it has since continued to grow closer. Continuing, this inspired statement says that the visit of the French fleet to Cronstadt and the enthusiastic reception accorded to the French sailors, only served to solemnly confirm the good entente previously existing and to convince by palpable proof to Frenchmen, Russians and foreigners who still doubted the existence of the entente. The official denial also asserts that the visit of the French fleet to Cronstadt had the effect of ripening the entente to such a point that it can be converted into an alliance should the conduct of the enemies of France and Russia render a formal freaty necessary. But it is stated in conclusion is it in preparation in Paris or in St. Petersburg. Such proceedings, it is explained, would be superfluous and might endanger the peace of Europe. In conclusion, this inspired statement says that it depends entirely upon the governments and the people forming the dreibund whether the friendly relations existing between Russia and France shall retain their present simple status or resolve into a stronger and more formal agreement.

# FORCED DRAFTS IN CHILL

Balmaceda Adopta Harsh Measures to Recruit His Army-Deprectated Currency.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17 .- A correspondent writing from the city of Santiago, the capital of Chili, under date of June 21 states that Balmaceda has issued \$12,000,000 of 50-cent paper money, and that it is compulsory on all to receive it. The regiment so highly exalted by the government, which retreated from Tarapaca through the Argentine Republic and thence across the Andes, arrived two hundred strong at Santiago, where they received their pay and were granted five days' leave of absence, since which they have failed to on any one subject is limited to five put in an appearance. Balmaceda has minutes. Daily sittings will be held, lastissued a proclamation for an increase of the army to sixty thousand men. The correspondent save, throughout all the departments in the hands of Balmaceda soldiers in squads are picking up volunteers, which means that every man got hold of is forced into the ranks. It is believed this is bad policy, for these volunteers do not wish to fight their their own countrymen and most of them sympathize with the opposition. If one can judge by the past, when the time comes for a battle many of them will change sides. Those "volunteers" often are asleep in their beds and are suddenly awakened by pounding at their doors, with threats that if they do not open it an entrance will be forced. A man thus forcibly seized is hurried into his clothes, in spite of his expostulations and those of his family, and is marched off to jail. Many of the towns and farms are stripped of men, and the bills are filled with men hiding away from

### their pursuers. AN AERONAUT PERISHES,

Tumbles Out of the Cage of His Balloon and Is Drowned in the Adriatic.

ROME, Aug. 17 .- Balloon accidents, some of them resulting in loss of life, have recently been reported from various parts of Europe; in fact, such incidents seem to be becoming quite common and tend to indicate that the passion for aerial experiments is increasing to an alarming extent. The latest aerial disaster is reported from Macerats, the capital of the Italian province of the same name, about twenty miles south of Aucona. Macerata is located on an eminence above the Potensa, a small river empaying into the Adriatic, and is situated midway between the Apennines and the

censions and its neighborhood afforded good sight-seeing spots for the peasantry and others of the neighborhood who gathered in large numbers yesterday to watness the exploits of a daring balloonist who had acquired fame by frequent previous and successful ascents. All went well at the commencement of the exhibition. The balloon ascended amid much applause and enthusiasm, and swept grandly towards the blue waters of the Adriatic. It was not the intention of the aeronaut to be carried out to sea, so he attempted to descend, and was seen to be vigorously pulling at the exhanst or safety-valve. The rope of the latter, however, did not seem to work properly, and the balloon and its occupant were slowly but steadily carried outward. Finally the balloon was seen hovering over the Adriatic, and a cry of horror arose from the crowds who had followed the course of the balloon when the aeronaut was suddenly seen to fall headlong from the car, and after whirling over and over twice or three times in the air he fell into the sea, and was drowned before some fishermen who put out to rescue him had time to reach the unfortunate man. The balloon, relieved of its human bailast, shot upward into the clouds and was eventually lost to view.

## AUSTRIANS WILL EXHIBIT.

Will Make a Creditable Display at the Com-

ing World's Columbian Exposition. VIENNA, Aug. 17 .- The members of the traveling foreign committee of the Chicago Columbian fair commission who are at present in this country with the object of bringing to the attention of the Austrians the advantages of exhibiting at the fair have met with really wonderful success. Everywhere have they been listened to with respectful attention, and everywhere have they been received with sympathy and with assurances of solid support. There is no mistaking the sentiment of the Austrians in regard to the fair; it is one of real honest support of the exhibition. For instance, the Viennese Chamber of Commerce and the Society of Trades, the latter a powerful factor in Austrian commerce, have assured the American committeemen that the fair will have their most hearty co-operation and that they intend to exert their utmost influence to secure a fine display of Austrian work of science, mechanical works and works of art. In addition, the Society of Trades has resolved to send a large delegation of its members to Chicago. The manufacturers in the small towns of Austria, stimulated by the interest which the Austrian governent has shown in the fair movement have shown the strongest disposition to act in union with the desires of the delegates from Chicago. The latter are to meet next as a body at Amsterdam on Thursday, Aug. 20. The committee will then spend a short time in Holland and Belgium before returning to London en route to the United

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Switzerland Proves a Stumbling-Block to the Proposed Commercial Union. VIENNA, Aug. 17.-The Swiss, Austrian and German delegates, on Saturday last, discussed the fresh Swiss proposals in connection with the projected commercial league, but, it is now definitely announced, they were unable to agree upon them, and eventually decided upon an indefinite postponement of the negotiations. The news of the rupture has produced a deep impression in political circles in Rome. Switzerland has been Italy's best customer for the last two years, France and then the United States coming next. It is openly stated here that if Switzerland continues to refuse to grant the concessions demanded by Austria and Germany that the value of any commercial arrangements at Munich between Austria, Germany and Italy will be greatly impaired, as it is understood that the arrangements made at Berne or at Vienna were to form the basis of the entire scheme. Italy is a large consumer of the manufactures of Germany and Austria, who, naturally, desire to secure her trade, while they themselves buy but little of Italy, whose willing-ness to join the commercial league, which would injure her best customers for the benefit of her poorest, mystifies all onteiders, though it may be perfectly clear to those who are pulling the wires at the present moment. The Austrian and Ger-

Labor Disturbances at Fourmies. Paris, Aug. 17 .- A most serious labor agitation has broken out at Fourmies, near Avesnee, in the Department Du Nord. Troops consequently have been dispatched from Lisle to Fourmies in order to put an end to the disturbances which have resulted from the labor disputes. Serious rioting is looked forward to. Fourmies, it will be remembered, was the scene of the recent bloody May-day riots, which re sulted in much loss of life. Considerable ill feeling against the troops and local authorities, the government being blamed for the troubles, and in a wordy warfare between Henri Rochefort and M. Isaacs, the sub-prefect who ordered the troops to fire upon the rioters. which necessitated making the arrangements for a duel between the two gentlemen named. The hostile meeting decided upon, however, was postponed, owing to the vigilance of the Bel gian police, and also by the publicity given the affair by the friends of the two principals.

man delegates have already started for

Yellow Fever at Vera Cruz. NEW YORK, Aug. 17 .- The Ward-line steamer City of Washington arrived this morning from Mexican ports and reports that when she left Vera Cruz early in August the yellow fever was raging to an alarming extent in that city. The hospitals were filled to overflowing, and all efforts of the health authorities to check the spread of the disease were unavailing. Many deaths have occurred during the last six weeks, and it was a common sight, the officers of the vessel say, to see a string of funerals half a mile long stretching from the gates of the city to the cemetery, each funeral party waiting patiently for a chance to bury its dead. Among the latest vic-tims was L. J. Snowball, a well-known merchant of this city. He arrived in the city in the morning and before night he was dead.

Seventy-Eight Reporters in Attendance, BRUSSELS, Aug. 17 .- The international labor congress assembled at 10 o'clock this morning in the spacious hall St. Michael There were seventy-eight reporters in attendance. Speeches are limited to ten minutes in duration, and a second speech ing from 10 A. M. to 12:30 P. M., and from 2 to 5 P. M., a commission, consisting of one delegate from each nation sitting, in the interval to arrange the course of business. Owing to protracted discussions to-day no resolutions were adopted and little was done beyond the reading of fraternal telegrams

# from all parts of the world.

The Holy Coat Exhibition. TREVES, Aug. 17 .- The city is astir in connection with the coming exhibition of what is described as the holy coat, a garment said to have been worn by the Savior. Preparations are being made on every hand for the large influx of strangers which is expected when the relic is exposed. The vicar-general announces that each person seeking relief by touching the garment must beforehand petition the bishop for special permission to do so, as well as present a medical certificate describing the physical trouble.

# Hippolyte's New Cabinet.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Aug. 17 .- A new Cabinet has been formed as follows: Minister of Exterior Relations, M. Archin; Minister of Public Works, M. Joseph; Minister of War, M. Montas; Minister of Public Instruction, M. Apollon; Minister of Finance, M. Stewart; Minister of the Interior, M. Louis. Everything here is quiet.

# Thirty Lives Lost in Hayt!,

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Aug. 17 .- The river St. Marie has overflowed its banks. To-day s bridge over the river was swept away and

### thirty lives were lost. Fired at by an Anarchist,

Paris, Aug. 17 .- As. M. Lauer was leavsea. It will thus be seen that Macerata ing a meeting at the Circque river in this They live in Delaware county, sixty miles sen, the Belgian economist, is dead. He daughter, aged thirteen, and Miss Dora was conveniently situated for balloon as city to-day a revolver was discharged at west from Catakill."

him by a by-stander, an Anarchist. The charge missed M. Lauer, but grazed a coachman stationed pear. The Anarchist was arrested.

Cable Notes. The Berlin Institute for Infectious Diseases was opened yesterday in the presence

of Professor Koch The suspension of the British Bank of Australia at Melbourne is announced. The

liabilities are \$800,000, haif of which is owing to creditors in England. A dispatch from Samarcand says that the Russian explorer Barchewsky has arrived from eastern Bokhara and reports having discovered large deposits of gold, lead and iron and many petroleum springs.

The international hygienic congress closed at London yesterday after a long discussion as to the next place of meeting. Though it was strongly urged that a town in Minnesota be chosen, the congress finally decided in favor of Buda Pesth.

## CALIFORNIA'S FLOODED DESERT.

An Explorer Says the Channel from the Colo-

rado River to the Lake Is Permanent. SAN DIEGO, Cal., Aug. 17 .- H. W. Patton, who undertook the exploration to determine the the source of the overflow on the desert lake at Salton, is in this city. He made the trip by boat from Yuma down the Colorado river to a break in the banks. He says he is positive the lake will be permanent. At present it is falling, but each slight rise in the river adds to the volume of water in the lake, and now that a well-defined channel has been washed out the water from the river would flow directly into the lake instead of spreading all over the country. The break in the river bank is about seventeen miles south of Yuma, in Mexican territory. From there to the lake channel it is from one hundred feet to half a mile wide, and of sufficient depth to carry an immense body of water. The soil through which the channel has cut its way is a very rich sandy loam, and for miles the sand of the desert has been washed into the channel, leaving the soil exposed. The water had deposited vast quantities of quelite seed and hundreds of thousands of acres are g.een with Speaking of the general effects of the

overflow, Mr. Patton said it would be both detrimental and beneficial, adding: "At Banning we had in a comparatively short time four rains, then there were rains in the mountains above Red Lands and a heavy fall at Campo, all unprecedented at this time of the year. These rains come at a time when the raisin crop is maturing. On the other hand, it will bring into the market and under cul tivation an immense amount territory hitherto unproductive sterile. From the break in the river to Salton lake it is three hundred miles. The channel is amply sufficient to furnish water for irrigating thousands of acres. At present about one-fifth of the water in the Colorado river is flowing through the channel into Salton lake at Salton. But with the next heavy rise I would not be surprised to see almost the entire volume of the water in the river turned into the channel."

## FLESH AND BLOOD SPIRIT.

She Was Found Hidden in a Cabinet in Room Where a Seance Had Been Given.

ONSET BAY, Mass., Aug. 17 .- Yesterday the Onset Bay Association, through its executive officers, served a formal notice upon Mrs. Etta Roberts, of Rochester, N. Y., requesting that she leave the grounds of the association. Mrs. Roberts gave a seance in her cottage last Thursday to a party that included Mrs. Bland, of Washington D. C.; M. B. Lit-tle, of Glens Falls, N. Y.; Mrs. Lillian Wood, and Mrs. B. M. Baker, of Topeka, Kan. became evident to those assembled that all was not as it should be, and at the close of the seance Mrs. Little and Mrs. Baker took possession of the cabinet for the purpose of investigating. They found secreted be-neath a bed Miss Annie West, of Topeka, Kan., who had been preambulating about the room as a spirit, and had made such poor work that the party easily perceived the deception. They also found other evidence of fraud, and made a report of their discovery to the officers of the association.

# "BULLS" AND "BEARS" AT PLAY.

Concluded from First Page. than fulfilled. Instead of averaging fifteen to twenty bushels to the acre wheat is turning out from twenty-five to thirty bushels, and the increased yield from an increased acreage makes 150,000,000 bushels. the minimum product for the Dakotas and Minnesota. Other grains are close to wheat, oats especially turning out well. There is great trouble being experienced for labor to handle the immense crop, and the railroads are hard at word preparing to handle the grain. The lack of storage facilities will compel the great majority of the farmers to dispose of their grain soon, and transportation facilities will be taxed to their utmost. The weather for harvesting is all

that could be desired. Bad News for Peffer and Simpson. TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 17 .- The Daily Cap-Italist shows from reports of the register of deeds a remarkable record of farm mortgage releases in sixty counties of Kansas for the month of July. This emopilation, which does not include any proceeds from this year's bountiful crop, shows that, while July was not a debt-paying month. the net reductions in sixty counties was \$381,468. The total excess of farm mortgages released in forty-eight counties for the three and a third months prior to Aug. 1, 1891, was \$1,427,037, or 2912 per cent. It is believed that there will be a release of \$10,000,000 of farm mortgage indebtedness in Kansas before the end of the present

#### ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 17 .- The Ministry of Finance announces that the yield of rye is estimated at 711,000,000 poods, but that owing to the present supplies being nearly exhausted, 994,000,000 poods will be required to supply the wants of the people and for

Russia's Crop of Rye.

sowing purposes. The deficit must be supplied by potatoes and maize. Corn Shriveling Up. BELVIDERE, Ill., Aug. 17 .- The burning sun has baked the ground until it is as

#### and the dry weather is shriveling up both the ears and stalks. It is doubtful if there will be one-quarter of a crop.

hard as a road. The corn is in the milk,

National Capital Notes. WASHINGTON, Aug. 17 .- The War Department has determined to appoint a board of army officers to select a site for the western terminus of the Hennepin canal. The detail for the board has not yet been completed, but General Pope will be chairman. Commissioner Simonds, of the Patent Bureau, has appointed as his private secreretary Mr. Wm. Butterworth, of Ohio, a son of ex-Representative Butterworth. Willis A. Taylor, of Wisconsin, has been appointed private secretary to the Commis-

sioner of Railroads. The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury Department to-day was 1 .-568,000 ounces, and the amount purchased 272,000 ounces, at prices ranging from 99 to

99.20 cents. The time for the opening of bids for the construction of the government building at the world's fair has been postponed until next Monday in order to give prespective bidders more time to prepare their bids.

Mrs. Searles Failed to Provide for Them. NEW YORK, Aug. 17 .- The World says: "During her lifetime the widow of the California millionaire, Mark Hopkins, provided for two consins. These relatives. now old and poor, are Miss Harriett Hibbard and Mrs. Jane Smith. Their mother, Abbie Sherwood, was the sister of William Sherwood, Mrs. Hopkins's father. For many years these women supported themseives by sewing, but when they became too old to work Mrs. Hopkins granted them an annual allowance of \$300 a year. Since Mrs. Hopkins-Searles failed to provide for Miss Hibbard and Mrs. Smith, they are left without income of any sort, and the poor-house stares them in the face.

## BENNINGTON IN GAY ATTIRE.

Profusely Decorated in Honor of the Day When Mollie Stark Was Not Widowed.

BENNINGTON, Vt. Aug. 17 .- To-day Governor Page and the executive committee of the centennial commission have been busily engaged completing final arrangements for the great celebration. To-night the decorations of the town are virtually complete. These consist of three arches stationed at the middle and beginning of the route, publie decorations on buildings and on private residences. The town is ablaze with patriotic mottoes. Upon the first arch through which the procession will pass on its way to the monument are these words: "1889-Mollie Stark was not widowed-1777;" on the obverse side "Welcome," all done in flowers, white and yellow immortelles. Prominent among the decorations are those at the Soldiers' Home, school-houses, free library building, court-house, postoffice, Putnam House; also at the residences of Colonel Abbott, of the Governor's staff; Major Valentine and Hon. H. G. Root, of the monument building committee; J. S. Holden, A. P. Childs, Masonic, Odd-fellows and Red Men's halls, and one arch at H. E. Bradford & Co.'s. Main street is one line of bunting from be-ginning to end, this being the street through which the procession passes, ending in Monument avenue, which leads to the monument. Numerous large flags are suspended across the streets at frequent intervals and all sorts of appropriate emblems bearing upon the battle of Bennington, and its significance can be seen in all Secretary Proctor and President-of-theday Veazey arrived to-day. At 4:40 P. M. to-

morrow Governor Tuttle and suite, together with the New Hampshire and Amoskeag veterans will arrive and go into camp on the grounds east of those now occupied by the Vermont National Guard. Hop. Benjamin F. Prescott, of New Hampshire, president of the Battle Monument Association, arrived to-day, and will attend a meeting of Sons of the American Revolution to-morrow afternoon, which will be presided over by President Proctor, who will welcome three hundred members of the society of New Hampshire, who come with Governor Tuttle to participate in the grand procession Wednesday. Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, staff and suite, will arrive at 11:80 P. M., and their train of palace cars will be side tracked beside those from New Hampshire. At 3 A. M. Wednesday the Knights Templars and Patriarchs Militant trains will arrive in three sections, and will join the colony from Massachusetts and New Hampshire. The North Adams Light Battalion, Second and Third Regiments Patriarchs Militant of Massashusetts, a regiment of the Atlantic Division and the Tibbets Cadets, of Troy, will arrive at 8:30 Wednesday morning, just in time to participate in the festivities of the day. Distinguished men of the State are arriving on every train, and all will be provided with comfortable quarters. The President and party will arrrive at 8:15 Tuesday evening. Wednesday morning President Harrison will be received at North Bennington by a mounted escort of war veterans from Orwell, Vt. Governor Page will ride with the President in the procession.

## The Presidential Party.

CAPE MAY, Aug. 17.—The President leaves on his Bennington trip to-morrow morning, at 8:50, by special train in a Pullman car. Accompanying him will be Private Secretary Halford, R. B. Harrison, Howard Cale, of Indianapolis, a guest of the President, E. B. Tibbott, stenographer, and the President's valet. By invitation of G. W. Boyd, of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the working journalists now stationed at Cape May Point will go with the President as far as New York, and the representatives of the press associations, the entire itinerary. Miss Sanger will remain at Cape May and take charge of the official mail, communicating with the head of the government if necessary. The family of the President will stay at the Cape May summer capital

during his ten days' absence.

The President to-day appointed Wm. O. Thomas, of Tennessee, consul at Bahia, Brazil. Mr. Thomas is a newspaper man and is appointed upon the recommendation of Congressman Taylor, of Tennessee. The President considered the sentence of Mary Ellen for pension fraud and commuted it to one year's imprisonment.

# CHICAGO BELT ROAD SOLD.

Purchased by the Union Transfer Company-Packer Allerton at the Head of the Deal.

CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—The Belt-line of Chicago has been purchased by the Chicago Union Transfer Company. The negotiations to this end have been carried on during the two months and the terms of the sale have been agreed upon, though the formal transfer has not been made. The Belt-line encircles the city. The Chicago Union Transfer Company is the owner of more than half of the Stickney tract on which a system of freight-clearign tracks have been constructed. S. W. Allerton is president and also the main figure among the packers who recently became the owners of several hunacres of land at Stickney. About two months ago, when the packers secured an option on the Stickney property. negotiations began between the transfer company and the owners of the Belt read looking to a consolidation of their interests. Several conferences were held-the last one last Thursday-and the result is that the Belt line and the roads interested in the Stickney tract will be operated under one management. It is virtually a sale of the Belt-line to the transfer company, which is composed of eleven railroads. They are the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City, the Chicago & Northwestern, Northern Pacific, the Chicago. Burlington & Quincy, the Chicago. Milwaukee & St. Paul, the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, the Panhandle, the Pittsburg. Fort Wayne & Chicago, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, the Baltimore & Ohio, and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. They own nearly 1,800 acres of the Stickney tract, on a large portion of which about forty miles of track have been put

Booming the People's Party in Cities. TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 17 .- W. F. Rightmire, secretary of the Citizens' National Alliance and Industrial Union, will leave Topeka to-morrow night to organize alliances in Chicago. Mr. Rightmire says steps have already been taken to organize alliances in every ward in Chicago, and that a union meeting will be held Wednesday, when a central organization will be perfected to have charge of them. In this way it is proposed to organize all the large cities in the United States, in order that the People's party may be prepared for the campaign, in 1892. From Chicago Mr. Rightmire will go to Lansing, Mich., and from there to Detroit. He will then proceed to Ohio, where, with the assistance of Messrs. Wilkins, of Winfield, and Snyder, of Kingman, national lecturers of the Citizens' Alliance, and Mrs. Tickman, of Minneapolis, the People's party campaign will be boomed.

# Losses by Fire.

WACO, Tex., Aug. 17 .- The dry goods and house-furnishing establishments of Goldstein & Migel and Curtis & Orand were destroyed by fire this afternoon. Loss, \$275,000; insurance, little over 50 per cent. Mrs. C. N. Alexander, an employe of Goldstein & Migel, had both legs broken by jumping from a window. CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 17 .- The galvanizing department of the Britton iron and steel-works caught fire this morning at 5

o'clock, and was destroyed. Loss, \$20,000; Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Aug. 17 .- Arrived: Circassia, from Glasgow; Saale, from Bremen.

GLASGOW, Aug. 17 .- Arrived: State of

Nevada, from New York. COPENHAGEN, Aug. 17 .- Arrived: Hekla, from New York. BREMERHAVEN, Aug. 17 .- Arrived: Ems, from New York.

Obituary. BRUSSELS, Aug. 17 .- Jean Joseph ThonisHighest of all in Leavening Power. - U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT CAMP CARNAHAN.

Knights of Pythias Gathering for the Biennial Encampment, Which Opens To-Day. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WARSAW, Ind., Aug 17 .- The preliminaries for the second biennial encampment of the Indiana Brigade, U. R., K. of P., which have been in progress for several weeks, are rapidly nearing completion, and this evening Spring Fountain Park presents an animated scene, as the Pythian army is going into camp. The details have been so well looked after that although nearly all divisions arrived late this evening, they are experiencing little delay in getting located. Spring Fountain Park is admirably arranged for an affair of this character and Camp Carnahan is all that could be wished as a place for semi-military operations.
The first to arrive was New
Castle Division, No. 34, which came
in over the Panhandle from Fort Wayne at 1 o'clock to-day. The Knights were accompanied by a large number of women and friends, and their famous K. of P. band, which will furnish music during the encampment. The Whiteland band arrived this evening on the special train bearing the Indianapolis contingent. Rain is not a pleasant experience to campers, but would be welcomed as a blessing at Camp Carnahan, where the long drought has left everything parched and the drives and walks dusty. The heat has been quite oppressive to-day. The active duties of the camp will begin to-morrow and end Thursday. Brig.-Gen. every detail systematized so that the operaations will proceed without friction. Maj.-Gen. James R. Carnaban is in camp with his family, and, with his staff, will review the brigade during the week. As an additional means of furnishing entertainment for the Sir Knights and their friends, the commodions assembly hall in the park has been equipped with stage set-tings and will be opened to-morrow night with the popular opera "Mikado," by a company under the management of Prof. Wade, of South Bend. Band concerts will be given each evening for the entertainment of those who may not wish to attend the opera, and the younger portion of the campers will while away the evenings dancing in the "Hall of Philosphy."

## Going Ahead of Peffer.

Pittaburg Chronicle-Telegraph. Balmaceda, the ruler of Chili, has adopted Senator Peffer's idea in regard to the judiciary. More than this, he has the idea into practice, which ceeds what Peffer has done. long-whiskered Kansas Solon that if the Supreme Court of the United States failed to make decisions according to the views of the Farmers' Alliance, the ustices should be removed and other and more subservent judges appointed in their stead, who should render opinions to order. Balmaceda entertained much the same opinion of the Chilian judges that Peffer does of the Supreme Bench, but, un-like Peffer, he not only had the inclination but the power to remove them, and he did When Senator Peffer learns of Balmaceda's act, he will want to enroll him as an honor-

ary member of the Farmers' Alliance with-

out delay. A Good Answer. Detroit Tribune.

A fiat-money organ in Grand Rapids wants to know why the \$100,000,000 gold reserved for the redemption of green backs is not used for the payment of the bonds which mature next month. There are several reasons. One is that the bulk of the bonds will be refunded at 2 per cent. Another is that there is money enough in the Treasury to redeem all the bonds that will be presented for payment without touching the gold reserve. Still another is that the gold reserve serves the useful pur-pose of keeping the greenbacks at par, and it is not the policy of the Republican party to issue paper money on wind. Fiat money is what the organ wants, and it would doubtless howl with joy to see our green-back currency worth about fifty cents or the dollar.

# Unhappy Free-Traders.

Philadelphia Press. Some of our free-trade contemporaries are greatly worried, apparently, because wool is cheaper now than it was a year ago. At that time they were filling double-leaded columns each day with wails in the alleged behalf of the workingmen. asserting that the tariff on wool would increase the price of clothing. But woo is cheaper, notwithstanding the increased tariff, and now it is said that the tariff is a failure. It does not fail, however, to litors on the wool question. Cheaper woo has been the invariable result of affording proper protection to the wool industry. The Press so stated repeatedly during the last campaign. And it is happy to call atments in this respect.

Consistency, Thy Name Is Not Democracy.

Brooklyn Standard-Union. The assumption of the Democratic papers is decidedly cool in these dog-days. Their admission that some of the Democratic party in the South got up the late war is refreshing from its cold truthful-ness, but the claim that others of the party in the North put it down, and that the Republicans "were never in it at all," is amusing. Why, then, do Demoratic papers so persistently abuse the war veterans of the Grand Army, and insist that the order is merely a "Republican political machine?" Consistency is a jewel but some folks are evidently not fond of jewelry.

End of a World's Fair Squabble. CHICAGO, Aug. 17 .- The chiefs of the different departments of the world's fair are to refrain from interfering with the work in Jackson Park; to have nothing to do with the construction of the exposition buildings or the installation of the propelling machinery, until the whole has been accepted by the national commission. That is the substance of resolution passed to-day by the board of control. It terminates the little squabble that was brought up about the installation of engines in the grounds and leaves the directors to construct and equip the fair buildings for the national committee to accept or reject.

Brewer Charged with Manslaughter. CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 17.—Fred Sigoel, a hostler employed by A. M. Oppmann, president of the Oppmann Brewing Company, died at St. Alexis Hospital to day of lock jaw. When taken to the hospital be said that he had been assaulted last even ng by Oppmann, who struck him on the back of the neck with his fist, the men having had words about the manner in which Signel was currying a horse. Oppmann was arrested on the charge of manslaughter, and is now out on bail awaiting a hearing. He denies that he struck Sigoel, and says the lock-jaw was due to an injury Sigoel received from stepping on a rusty nail a week

Great Year for the Working Farmer.

Kansas City Star. The bulls and bears had an exciting tussle Saturday at Chicago, and wheat went springing up to the dollar mark. In the Baltimore market rye reached the figure of 95 cents, owing to the ukase recently issued by the Czar prohibiting the exportation of rye from Russia. It is a great year for the American farmer, if he doesn't happen to be a calamity howier.

Rector and Two Girls Drowned. GRAND FORKS, N. D., Aug. 17 .- This evening, while bathing in the Red river, Rev. William T. Currie, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Cnurch, Miss Ruth Currie, his RAILWAY TIME-TABLES.

# From Indianapolis Union Station.

East-West. North-South. Trains run by Central Standard Time. Leave for Pittsburg, Baltimore, (d 4:45 a m Washington, Philadelphia and New d 2:00 p m Arrive from the East, d 11:40 a m, d 1:25 p m and d 9:00 p m.

Leave for Columbus, 9:00 a m.; arrive from Columbus, 3:45 p m; leave for Richmond, 4:00 p m; arrive from Richmond, 9.00 a m.
Leave for Chicago, d 11:50 a m, d 11:30 p m;
arrive from Chicago, d 3:20 p m; d 3:30 a m.

Leave for Louisville, d 3:40 s m, 8:00 s m, d 8:30 p m. Arrive from Louisville, d 11:45 s m, 6 p m; d 10:50 p m. Leave for Columbus, Ind., 4:30 p m. Arrive from Columbus, 10:25 a m. Leave for Vincennes and Cairo, 7:30 a m, 4:10 a m; arrive from Vinceunes and Cairo, 11:00 p m, 5:05 p m.

d. daily; other trains except Sunday. VANDALIA LINE - SHORTEST BOUTH TO ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.
Trains arrive and leave Indianapolis as follows: Trains arrive and leave Indianapolis as follows:
Leave for St. Louis 7:30 am, 11:50 am, 1:35 p m, 11:00
p m. All trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T.
H. points. Evansville sleeper on 11:00 p m, train.
Greencastic and Terre Haute Accoundation, 4:00 pm.
Arrive from St. Louis, 3:30 am, 4:15 am, 1:55 p m,
5:20 p m, 7:45 p m.
Terre Haute and Greencastic Accomidation 10:00 am.
Sleeping and Parlor Cars are run on through trains.
For rates and information apply to ticket agents of the company, or W. F. BRUNNER, District Passenger Agent.

THE VESTIBULED PULLMAN CAR LINE.

Arrive in Chicago 7:35 am. 

p. m., daily. Ticket Offices-No. 28 South Illinois street, and at Union Station.



# WROUGHT-IRON PIPE

Gas, Steam & Water Boller Tubes, Cast and Malleable Iron Fittings (black and galvantzed), Valves, Stop Cooks, Engine Trimmings, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Trans Wrenches. Steam Traps,
Fumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose,
Belting, Babbitt Metal,
Soider, White and Colored
Wiping Waste, and all other
supplies used in connection
with Gas, Steam and Water.
Natural Gas supplies a see Natural Gas supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumbar, Dry-houses, etc. ber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from 's inch to 12 inches diameter.

B. PENNSYLVANIA St

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Near Falmouth, Ky., James Ratchford, a notorious character, was shot from ambush by unknown assailants. A petition in insolvency by F. F. Emery,

the failed boot and shoe manufacturer of

Boston, was granted yesterday. Debts about \$375,000, assets \$200,000. Archbishop Corrigan has announced that owing to the ill health of Vicar-general Preston, of New York, he will early in Sep-

tember appoint a new vicar-general. Dr. R. S. Olliphant, president of the Louisiana State Board of Health, says that no case of yellow fever, or fever suspicions of yellow fever, has occurred in that State

The backer of Dan Daly, of Denver, has issued a challenge in behalf of Daly for a fight with George Dieon (colored), of Boston, for \$2,500 a side and the feather-weight championship of the world.

Rich silver has been found in various portions of Young county, Texas. The assay office at Dever, Col., reports the vaine at \$9.90 per ton, with traces of gold. The vein lies near the surface of the ground. A dispatch from Quincy. Ill., says that

Hiram J. Baker, who claimed to be a member of the firm of Hiram J. Baker & Co., the New York importers, committed snicide demonstrate the falsehoods of the free-trade | there yesterday morning by cutting his Charles Houska, of Chicago, a laboring man, last night attempted to kill his wife,

inflicting a ghastly wound in her neck, and

then cut his own throat, dying in a few

minutes. Liquor is responsible for the crime. Mrs. Housks may recover. The wrought-iron nail men of the Worcester and Staffordshire district, of England, have struck against a proposed reduction of 10 per cent. in wages. The strike affects no less than eight thousand men and may eventually affect other

Gastare Mieer, a Greek print merchant, died at Chicago vesterday from injuries inflicted Sunday night by one of three men. These are Julius Thompson, Joseph Mohr and John Mohr, allof whom are now locked up. From the talk of the men it is believed that Thompson administered the blow that resulted in death.

The Sunday Newspaper.

Chicago Journal. The impression that the Sunday newspaper keeps people away from the churches has very little in it, but if true it reflects on the churches rather than the newspapers. Nothing draws like a revival of religion, and the preachers have only to get nearer to God, and preach with more earnestness and power, to till their churches, in spite of the newspapers. On the other hand, it is undonbtedly true that the Sunday newspaper saves multitudes of people from spending Sunday in saloons or in idle conversation or adventures.

Another Suggestion.

Detroit Free Press The proposition to dig up Jacob's well in Palestine and bring it to Chicago for exhibition at the world's fair is all right, but why not at the same time fetch along Jacob's ladder, so that the Chicago people can go down into the well if they should hap-

## The True Way TO BID THE HUMAN BODY OF The Poison of Disease

# SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

IS TO FORCE IT OUT THROUGH THE SKIN.

always does this effectually. It treats the disease instead of the symptoms, and removes the cause, thereby making a cure.

Mrs. E. J. Rowell, No. 11 Quincy St., Medford, Mass., says that her mother has been cured of Scrofula, by the use of four bottles of S. S. S. after having had much other treatment, and being reduced to quite a low condition of health, as it was thought she could not live.

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